### §744.8

- (v) Slop chest articles;
- (vi) Saloon stores or supplies; and
- (vii) Equipment and spare parts.

[61 FR 12802, Mar. 25, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 38160, June 19, 20001

#### §744.8 Restrictions on certain exports to all countries for Libyan aircraft.

(a) General end-use prohibition for Libyan aircraft. In addition to the license requirements for items specified on the CCL, you may not export or reexport to any destination such parts and accessories specified in paragraph (b) of this section if intended for use in the manufacture, overhaul, or rehabilitation in any country of aircraft that will be exported or reexported to Libya or Libyan nationals.

(b) Scope of products subject to end-use prohibition for Libyan aircraft. The general end-use prohibition in paragraph (a) of this section applies to items controlled by ECCNs 6A008, 6A108, 6A998, 7A001, 7A002, 7A003, 7A004, 7A006, 7A101, 7A102, 7A103, 7A104, 7A994, 9A001, 9A003, 9A018.a, 9A101, and 9A991.

[61 FR 12802, Mar. 25, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 42229, Aug. 7, 1998]

# §744.9 Restrictions on technical assistance by U.S. persons with respect to encryption items.

(a) General prohibition. No U.S. person may, without authorization from BXA, provide technical assistance (including training) to foreign persons with the intent to aid a foreign person in the development or manufacture outside the United States of encryption commodities and software that, if of United States origin, would be controlled for EI reasons under ECCN 5A002 or 5D002. Technical assistance may be exported immediately to nationals of the countries listed in Supplement 3 to part 740 of the EAR (except for technical assistance to government end-users for cryptanalytic items) provided the exporter has submitted to BXA a completed classification request by the time of export. Note that this prohibition does not apply if the U.S. person providing the assistance has a license or is otherwise entitled to export the encryption commodities and software in question to the foreign person(s) receiving the assistance. Note in addition that the mere teaching or discussion of

information about cryptography, including, for example, in an academic setting or in the work of groups or bodies engaged in standards development, by itself would not establish the intent described in this section, even where foreign persons are present.

(b) Definition of  $\hat{U}$ .S. person. For purposes of this section, the term U.S. per-

son includes:

- (1) Any individual who is a citizen or permanent resident alien of the United States:
- (2) Any juridical person organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States, including foreign branches; and (3) Any person in the United States.
- (c) License review standards. Applications involving activities described in this section will be reviewed on a caseby-case basis to determine whether the activity is consistent with U.S. national security and foreign policy interests.

[61 FR 68584, Dec. 30, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 62609, Oct. 19, 2000]

#### §744.10 Restrictions on certain entities in Russia.

(a) General prohibition. Certain entities in Russia are included in Supplement No. 4 to this part 744 (Entity List). (See also §744.1(c) of the EAR.) Exporters are hereby informed that these entities are ineligible to receive any items subject to the EAR without a license.

(b) Exceptions. No License Exceptions apply to the prohibition described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) License review standards. Applications to export or reexport items subject to the EAR to these entities will be reviewed with a presumption of de-

[64 FR 14605, Mar. 26, 1999]

## §§ 744.11-744.12 [Reserved]

#### §744.13 Restrictions on exports and certain reexports to specially designated terrorists.

Consistent with the purpose of Executive Order 12947 of January 23, 1995, BXA maintains restrictions on exports and certain reexports to Specially Designated Terrorists. Executive Order 12947 prohibits transactions by U.S.